

Generic Build Support

a Pragmatic Approach to the Software Build Process



Atos
Origin

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- **Randy Marques - CASE Consultant**
 - Atos Origin Technical Automation (TA)
 - In-Product Software (IPS)
 - Nederlands Normalisatie Instituut (NEN)
 - Nederlandse Programmeertalen Commissie (NC 381 22)
 - WG14 (ANSI-C)
 - JTC1 SC22WG14 (ANSI-C)
 - Software Engineering since 1971
 - Coding Standards since 1978
 - Build Support since 1980
 - C Programming since 1983
 - Static Analysis since 1993
 - Les Hatton's Safer C[®] trainer since 2001

- **Low, Low Level Configuration Management**
- **Build Support**
 - Compiling, Linking
- **Issues**
 - Directory Structure
 - 'make'
 - Multi Platform Variants
 - Functionality Variants
 - 3rd party software, Subcontracting, 're-use'
 - Releasing

- Task Lifecycle
- Problem Areas
- The Solution
- Does it Work
- Final Remarks & Questions

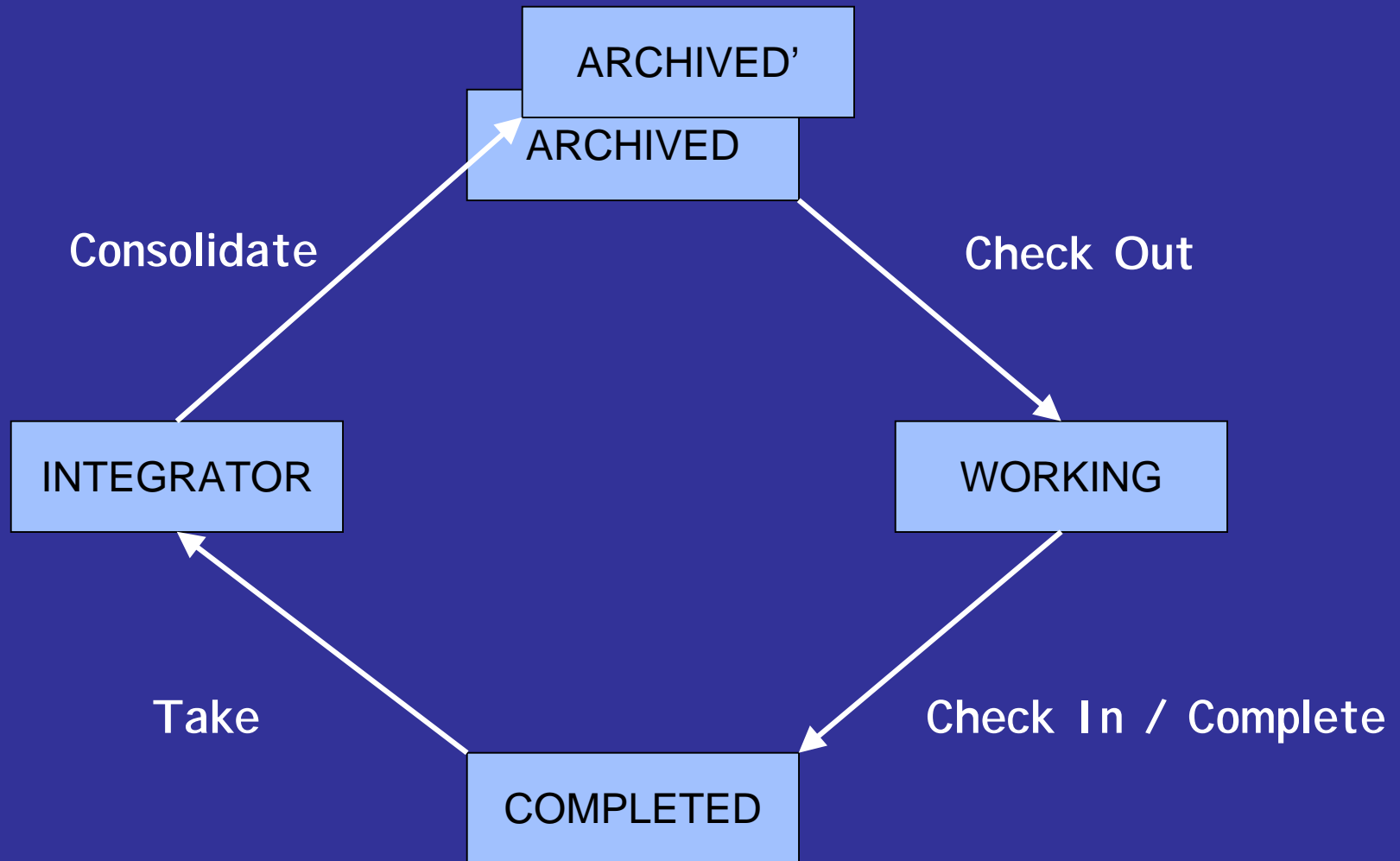
- **Single Level Promotion Model**

- **States:**

- ARCHIVED
 - Check out
- WORKING
 - Complete
- COMPLETED
 - Take
- INTEGRATION
 - Consolidate
- ARCHIVED'

- **States:**

- ARCHIVED
 - Check out
- WORKING
 - Complete
- COMPLETED
 - Take
- INTEGRATION
 - Reject
- REJECTED
 - Accept Reject
- WORKING'



- **Task Lifecycle**
- **Problem Areas**
 - Volume
 - 'make' Files
 - Directory Structure
 - Integrity
 - Variants
 - Tooling
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- **Software Generation:**
 - Lines of code
 - 20 files of 100 lines -> 5000 files of 400 lines
 - 2000 lines -> 2.000.000 lines
 - Generation takes better part of the night
 - Quick Fix???
 - People
 - 4 programmers -> 80 programmers
 - 1 Programmer
 - 1 Check-in every week
 - 1 build-error every 15 check-ins
 - Every 75 days 1 build-error
 - 75 Programmers
 - Every day the build fails!

- **Success breeds complexity**
 - Brian A. White
(Software Configuration Management Strategies)
- **The size of code in consumer electronic products currently doubles every 18 months**
 - Line-Scan TVs have ~ 500.000 lines of code
- **Murphy's Law:**
 - If something CAN go wrong,
if you do it often enough,
it WILL go wrong

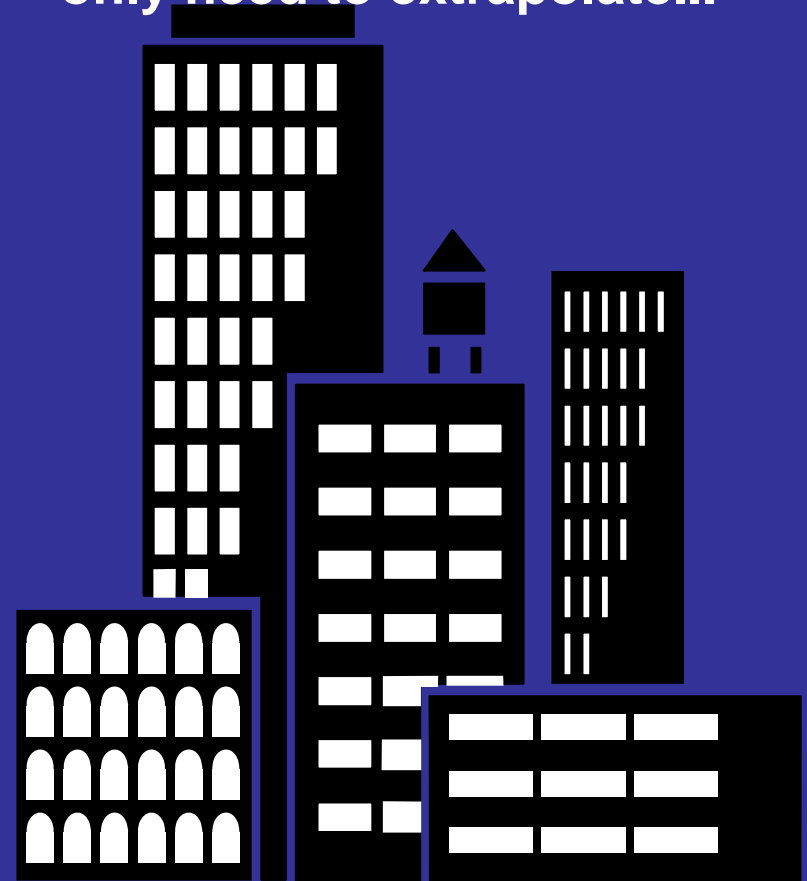


From Barn to Skyscraper

- We started off building yard barns



- And we are convinced that to build skyscrapers we only need to extrapolate...



- **Task Lifecycle**
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- **The essence of 'make'**
 - re-generate as little as possible
 - Dependencies
 - 'A Program for Directing Recompilation' (GNU-make)
- **Pollution of 'make'**
 - Header-file directory specification
 - Compile options
 - Generation of various functionality/platform variants

- **Problems:**
 - Maintaining Dependencies
 - Start-off small & simple. Grow and become too complex
 - No-one dares to make modifications
 - Not-maintainable make-files (> 1600 lines!)
 - Multiple checkout on make-files
 - Completely platform/environment dependent
 - **No Design, No Standards, No QAC, No Reviews,
No Fagan-inspections
No-one feels responsible**

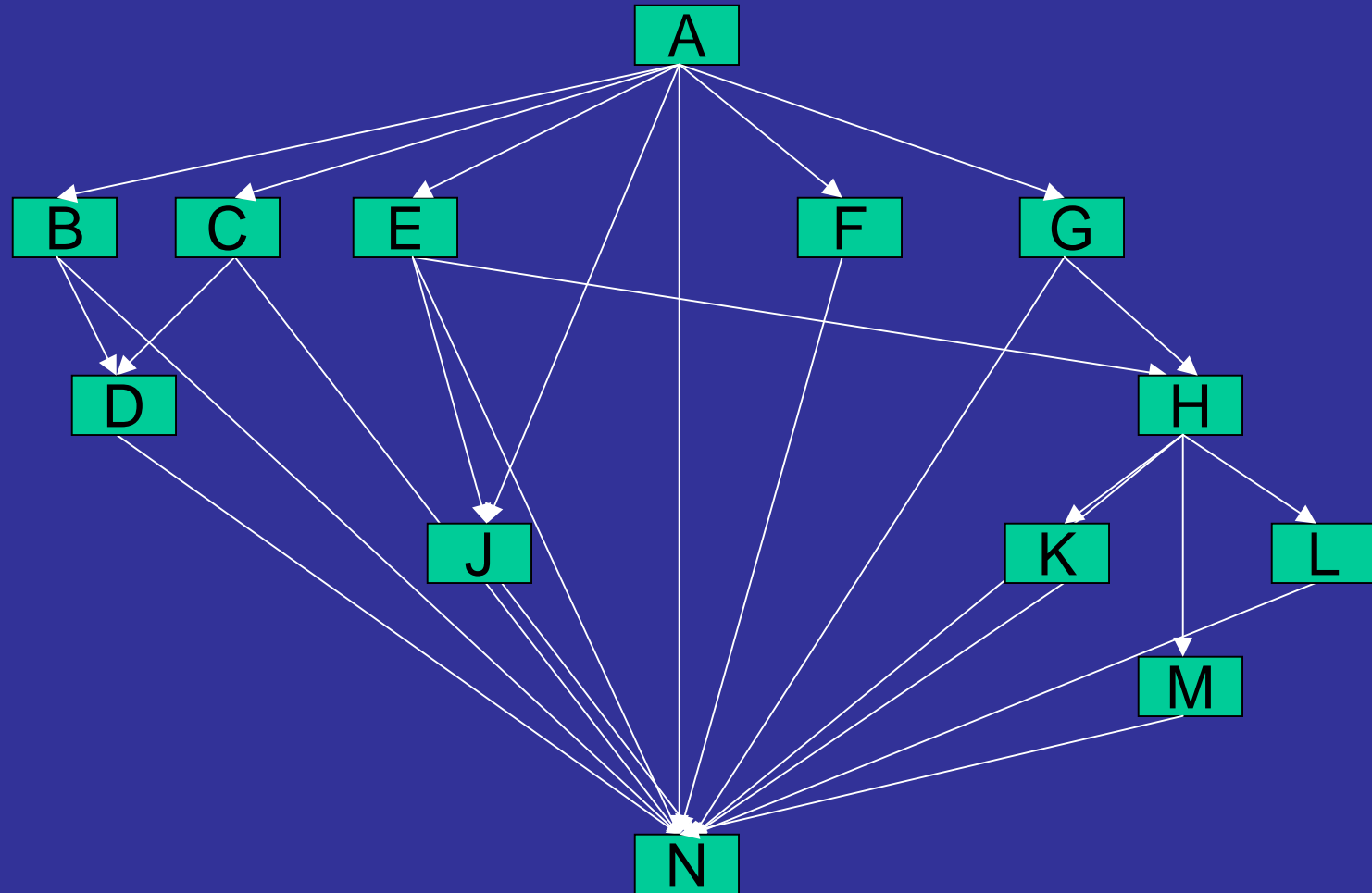
- **make-File:**
 - Collection of make-rules
 - Macros & Control-statements

- **make-Rule:**
target : dependencies
<TAB> command [; ...]

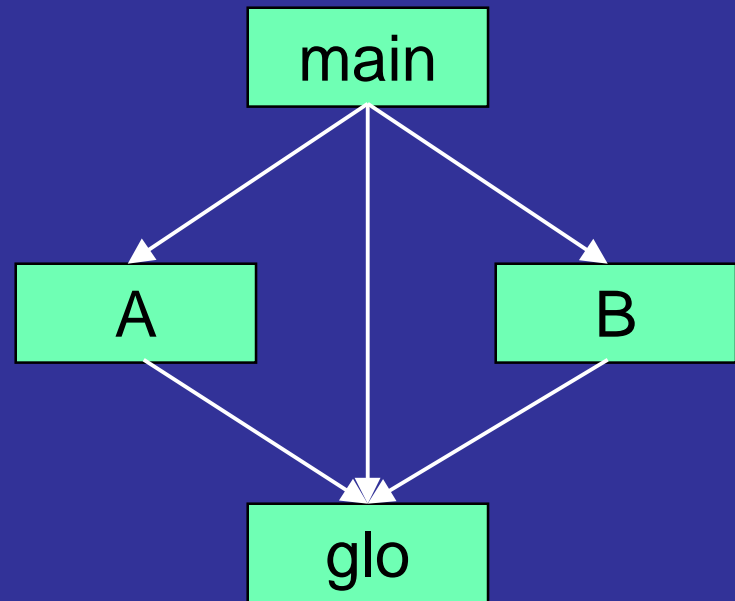
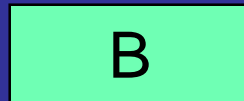
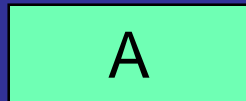
```
edit.exe : main.o kbd.o command.o
<TAB>    lnk -o edit.exe main.o \
                                kbd.o command.o
main.o : main.c defs.h
<TAB>    cc -c main.c
kbd.o : kbd.c defs.h command.h
<TAB>    cc -c kbd.c
command.o : command.c defs.h \
                                command.h
<TAB>    cc -c command.c
```

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- Trying to map a software-structure on a directory structure
 - Software Structure:
 - Tree-like Network Structure
 - Directory Structure:
 - Tree Structure
- Relocating a directory inside the tree structure causes major problems in generation ('make') files



- A multi-component system always consists of at least 4 components:



- What effort does it cost to add a new component
 - or compiler, or variant, or platform
- What are the consequences for a SCM-tool
- What do I do with 're-use' from another project
- Do I spend 4 man-months to define my dedicated directory-structure and 'make'-method every time I start a new project?

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- **How safe/complete is my generation process**
 - Was really everything compiled before the link?
 - Did all files compile properly before Freeze/Archiving/Release?
- **Given an executable, can I recreate exactly the environment leading to it's creation?**
 - Sources
 - Parameters (compile-time options)
- **Given the amount of money spent on SCM-tools, how reliable is my ability to regenerate the software?**

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- **Versions**
 - Taken care of by CMS
- **Variants / Diversity**
 - Platform
 - Functionality
 - Hardware
 - Software
- **Compile-time Options & Conditional Compiles**
- **Many Options**
- **Many Possible Values**

```
#ifdef __SUN__  
..  
..  
..  
#endif
```

- **Problems:**
 - Too many permutations
 - Always starts with just a few...
 - Which combinations are valid?
 - Which variant is now in my object-library?
 - Which variant did I build my executable with?
 - Compile archived version with different option:
 - compilation fails
 - Not Testable
 - **Given an executable that was built on a specific date and time:**
What were the settings that led to this executable?
(I mean: ALL the settings...)

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- How to implement additional tooling
- Multiplatform?
- Example:
 - QAC
 - How do I specify which files to check
 - How do I obtain header-file include directories (-i)?
 - How do I obtain compile time options (-d)?
 - 'make' ?

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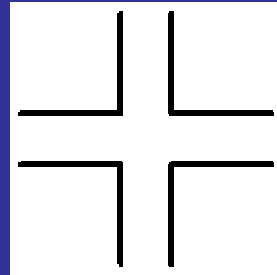
• Generic Build Support

- A Concept
- A Set of Agreements
- A Rigid Directory Structure
- No built-in Knowledge of Application
- Generated 'make' Files

- Implementation Support:
 - Scripts
 - Currencies
 - Current System, Current SubSystem, Current Component, Current Target

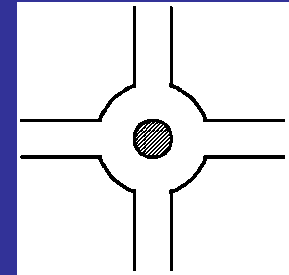
1. Simple approach. No Black Box. KISS.
2. Rigid where no flexibility is required
Full flexibility where flexibility is needed
3. Do not cater for things we agree to be 'bad practice'
4. Automate anything that can go wrong when done manually
(but do not try to achieve 100% automation when in conflict with Rule 1)
5. Must be generic (no knowledge of application)
6. Must be target-platform independent
7. Must have a relocatable directory-structure
8. Keep control: never 'push', always 'pull'.

- **Cross Roads**



- Yield right
- Traffic lights
- Traffic lights with traffic detection
- Traffic lights with traffic detection and priority system
- Traffic lights with traffic detection and priority system with environmental parameters
- Traffic lights with traffic detection and priority system with environmental parameters enhanced with...

- **Roundabout**



- Yield left

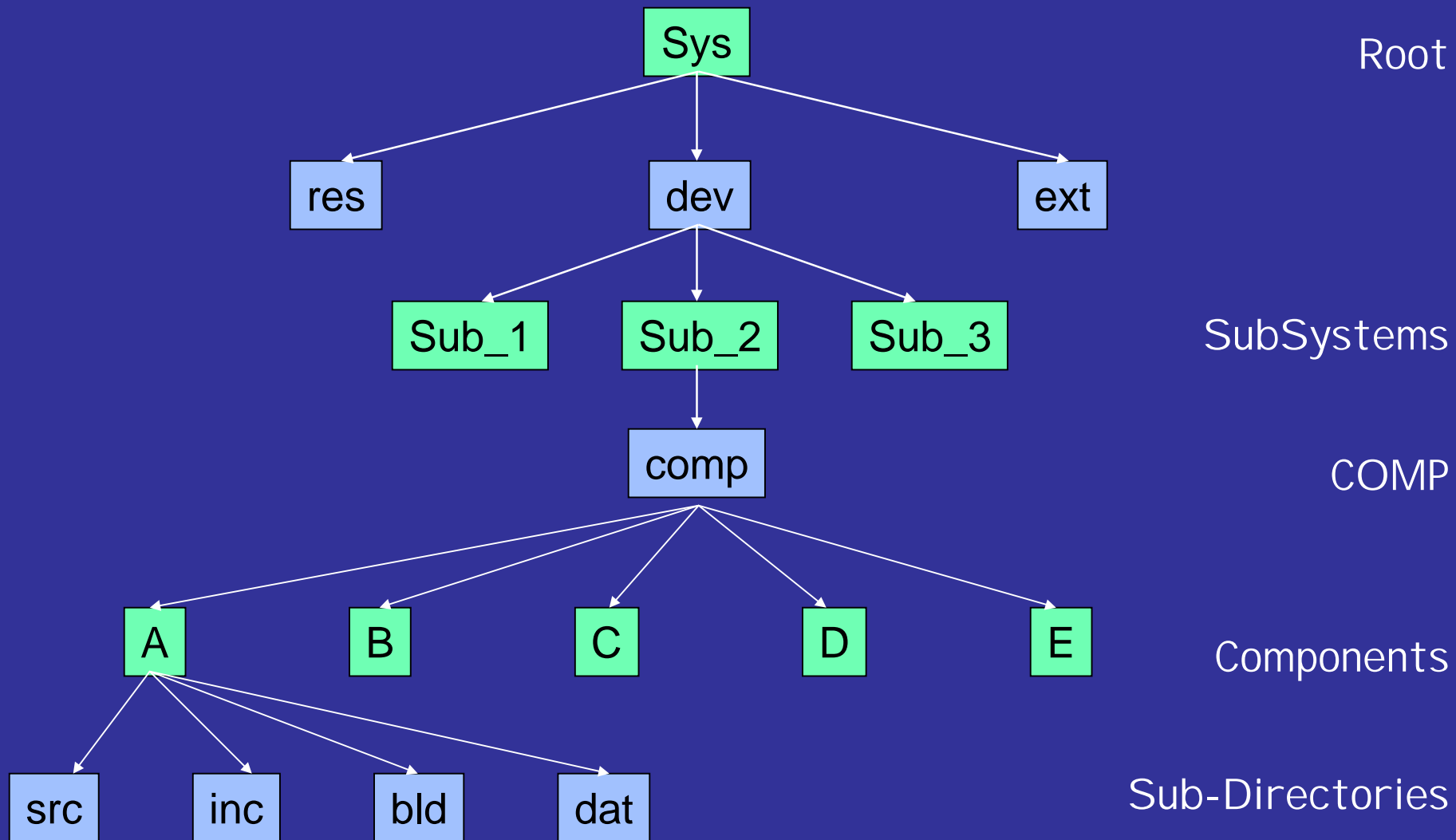
- Take a deep breath
- Stretch yourself
- Empty your mind
 - Do NOT think of your current implementation
- Relax
- Lay Back
- Enjoy the show

- **Task Lifecycle**
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- **Root (System) Directory**
 - EXT (externals) Directory
 - 3rd party SW Directories
 - DEV (Development) Directory
 - SubSystem Directories
 - RES (Results) Directory
 - SubSystems Transfer Directories
- **SubSystem Directory**
 - COMP-Directory
 - Component Directories
 - Sub-Directories (SRC, INC, BLD, etc)

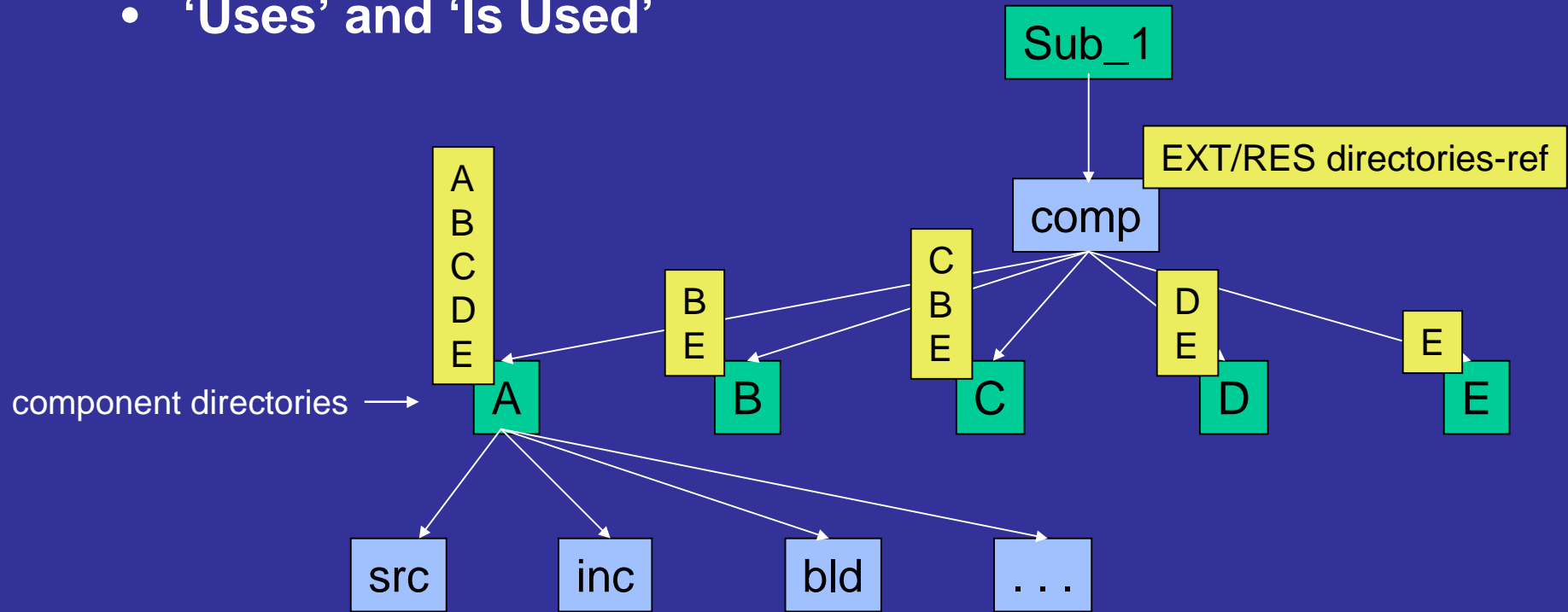


'Flat' Directory Structure

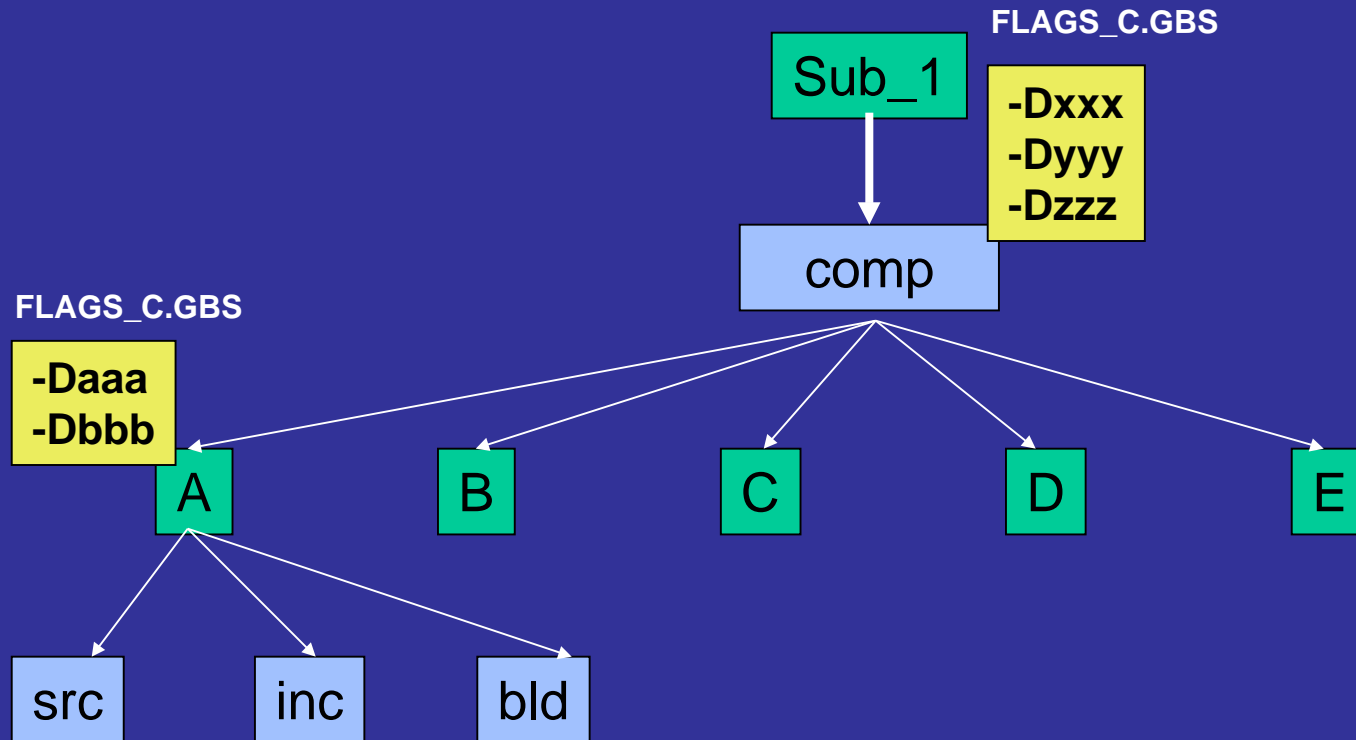


- **SRC**
 - Sources
- **INC**
 - Global (exported) Header-files
- **LOC**
 - Local Header-files
- **BLD**
 - Contains Target BLD-Directories
 - Results of generation (compilations)
- **more...**

- Scope-files contain component-names, no directory specs.
- SCOPE.GBS in Component Directory
 - Specifies the 'VIEW'
- 'Uses' and 'Is Used'



- **Options are placed separately in option-files**
 - Options for all C-files in project:
 - **FLAGS_C.GBS In COMP directory**
 - Options for all C-files in component:
 - **In FLAGS_C.GBS in Component directory**
- **For compilation, options are placed in de order specified above.**
 - Last option wins...



- Given a source file of the current Component of the current SubSystem of the current System with a current Target, we have:
 - Source File name (file.c)
 - Compiler to be used
 - Extension of object-file name (.o)
 - Object-file name (file.o)
 - Header-File Directory information
 - Compile Options Information
 - Input & Output Directory
- So we can have a generic script that generates a dedicated compile command.

- Traditionally done in 'make' file
- Enter: Link-file
 - Works the same way as 'compile file'
 - name.glk => name.exe
 - Contains:
 <component>:<objectfile-name>
 - Also:
 #include ...
 - So we can have a generic script that generates a dedicated link command.

- Name.glk => Name.exe
- Contents:
 A:a.o
 A:a1.o
 B:b.o
 B:b1.o
 C:c.lib

- Also traditionally done in 'make' file
- Enter: Library-file
 - Works the same way as 'compile file'
 - name.glb => name.lib
 - Contains:
 - `<component>:<objectfile-name>`
 - Also:
 - `#include ...`
 - So we can have a generic script that generates a dedicated archive command.

- `Name.glb => Name.lib`
- Contents:
 - `A:a.o`
 - `A:a1.o`
 - `B:b.o`
 - `B:b1.o`

- In the SRC directories of all Components:
 - Compile all *.c files into objects
- In the SRC directories of all Components:
 - Archive all *.glb files into libraries
- In the SRC directories of all Components:
 - Link all *.glk files into executables
- All results go to the current BLD/<target> directories

- `generate file.c`
- `generate <list of individual files from same or other component>`
- `generate <all files in one or more components>`
- `generate <all files in one or more subsystems>`
- `etc...`

- **For each Component:**
 - Take each file in the SRC-directory as a 'make'-target
 - Parse the file using the same information as for generation of Compile, Archive or Linking to determine dependencies
 - Generate the make-file

- `make image.exe`
- `make <list of specific files>`
- `make <all files in list of specific components>`
- `make <SubSystem>`
- etc...

- **'generate'**
 - you specify the source (e.g. file.c)
 - only the specified file(s) will be generated
 - all the specified files will be generated
- **'make'**
 - you specify the resulting file (e.g. file.o)
 - other files (even in other components) may be generated
 - specified files may or may not be (re-)generated

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- When the generation of a file fails the possibly generated file in the BLD will be deleted.
 - In case of compilation or archiving, subsequent steps (e.g. link) will also fail
- Before CONSOLIDATION we can now check whether a file generated properly:

If there is no corresponding file in the BLD directory, the CONSOLIDATION may NOT be executed.

SRC: <name> . <type>

must match

BLD: <name> . *

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- **Versions**
 - Taken care of by SCM
- **Variants**
 - Platform
 - Functionality
 - Hardware
 - Software

- Conditional Compiles
- Multiple Sources (Link-time diversity)
 - file.c
 - file_pc.c => file_pc.o time()
 - file_vms.c => file_vms.obj time()
 - file_sun.c => file_sun.o time()
 - BLD
 - PC <= Target Directory
 - VMS
 - SUN
- Combinations
- Platform dependent functionality should be isolated into one or two components

- **Multiple Sources (Link-Time diversity)**
- **Configuration Files**

- **Traditional Approach:**

MAKE-FILE:

-D RECORDER

FILE.C:

```
#ifdef RECORDER
```

```
...
```

```
...
```

```
#else
```

```
...
```

```
...
```

```
#endif
```

```
CFG1.C:
    bool recorder( void)
    { return TRUE; }
```

```
CFG2.C:
    bool recorder( void)
    { return FALSE; }
```

```
FILE.C:
    if (recorder())
    {
        ...
        do_recorder();
    } else
    {
        ...
        ...
    }
```

- **Configuration Files:**
 - Link FILE.O either with CFG1.O or CFG2.O
 - Need not be static
 - Read a file (.ini)
 - Read Hardware Memory (jumpers)
 - Ask user

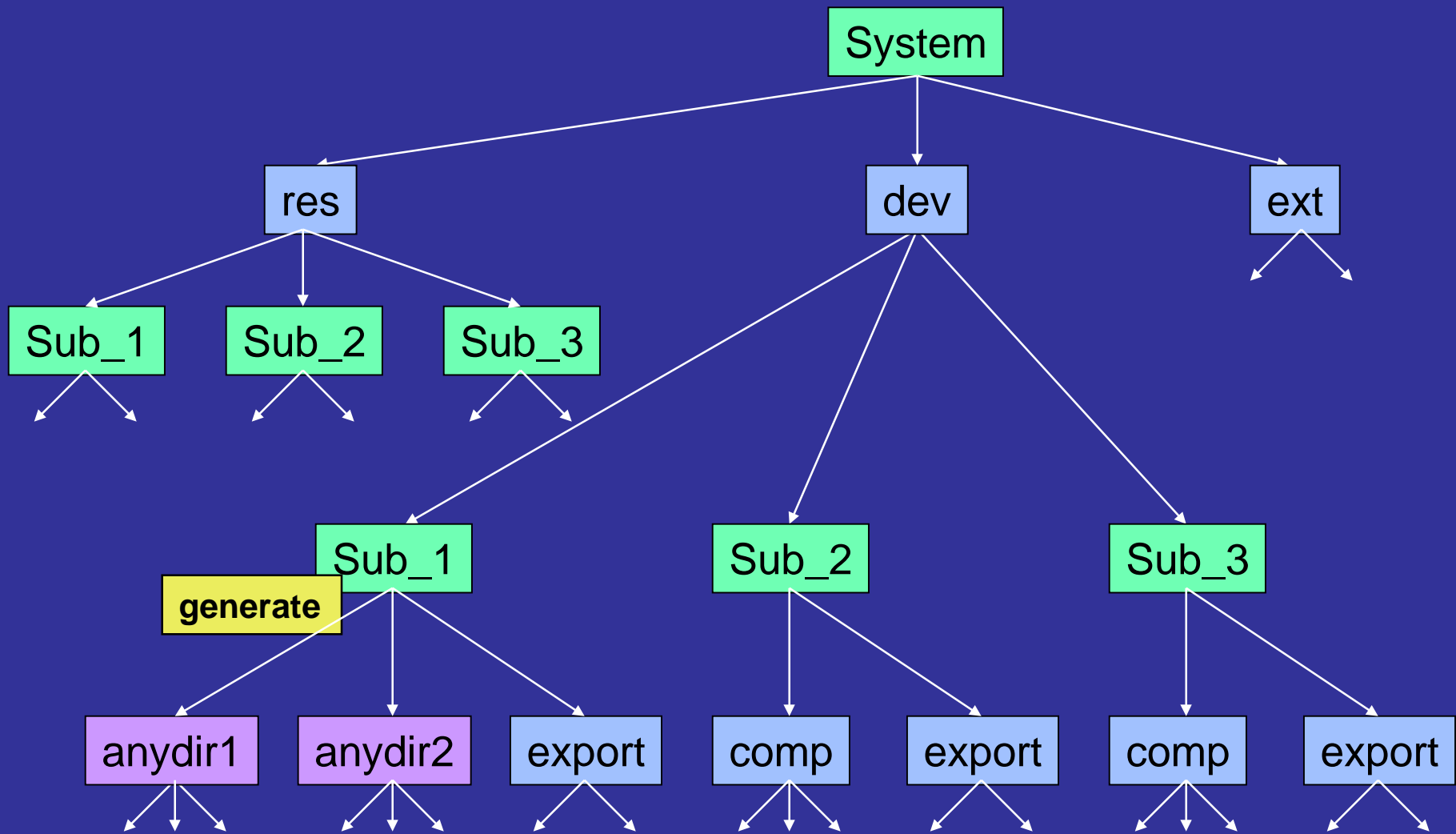
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- **SRC**
 - Trigger in generation process. Results go to BLD directory
 - Scanned for dependencies.
 - Archived in SCM
- **INC**
 - Exported to generation of other components
 - Scanned for dependencies.
 - Archived in SCM
- **LOC**
 - Scanned for dependencies.
 - Archived in SCM
- **BLD**
 - <target> Contains results of SRC generations
 - Exported to generation of other components
 - Scanned for dependencies
 - Full delete of contents allowed

- **DAT**
 - Contains any other data that partakes in the generation of the resulting delivery. e.g.:
 - bitmaps
 - scripts
 - Archived in SCM
- **SAV**
 - Contains anything that has to be kept but does not partake in the generation-process, at this time
 - old stuff
 - Archived in SCM

- **Handling of SubSystems on a System Level**
 - export directory
 - deliverables
 - export.gbs file in every component
 - 'fillexport'
 - res directory
 - 'fillres'
- **Generation of non-compliant SubSystems**
 - export directory
 - 'generate' script

Direct reference from one SubSystem to another is absolutely not allowed



- **To generate a whole System:**
 - **Generate first SubSystem**
 - **GBS-compliant:**
 - 'generate' or 'make' the SubSystem
 - 'fillexport' (copies files to 'export' directory)
 - **Non GBS-compliant:**
 - Execute 'generate' script in SubSystem directory
 - At the end, deliverables must be in 'export' directory
 - **Make deliverables available to other SubSystems by running 'fillres'. 'fillres' copies the contents of the 'export' directory to the 'res' directory**
 - **Generate next SubSystem**
 - etc

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- **GBS is based on experiences with 'CCS', the Code Control System developed at Philips Medical Systems in 1985**
 - Designed and developed by the author
 - Used for over 15 years by a variety of small and large projects
 - still in use for maintenance projects
 - Written for VAX/VMS in DCL
 - 1 Dissatisfied user: Tried to use CCS in a 'non-intended way'
- **Now in development for UNIX and Windows-NT**
 - Written in Perl

- **Pilot project at Philips ASA-Lab - 1**
 - **MultiSite (Eindhoven, Dublin, Suresnes and Bangalore)**
 - **Approx. 30 developers (UNIX + NT)**
 - **Processors: ST20, MIPS5.1**
 - **Compilers: OpenTv (1), C (2), C++ (2), Assembler(2)**
 - **Application: Multi Language variants: 5 x 2 Executables**
 - **Size**
 - **13 SubSystems**
 - **241 Components**
 - **1182 Source-files**
 - **611 Local header files**
 - **545 Global header files**
 - **160 Libraries**
 - **41 Executables**
 - **8 Externals (3rd party components)**

- **Pilot project at Philips ASA-Lab - 2**
 - **Originally:**
 - **Both platforms: existing code in separate archives**
 - **Considerable amount of shared code**
 - **Good idea: Universal Archive**
(let same code go through 2 compilers)
 - **Considered major effort:**
 - **6 man-months in 3 months**
 - **Non-workable situation during 1 month for 10 people**
 - **2x5x4=40 executables from 20 full generations**
 - **With introduction of GBS:**
 - **First platform: silently**
 - **Second platform:**
 - **1 man-month in 3 weeks**
 - **Same way of working for all platforms:**
 - **No impact for others during introduction**
 - **2x5=10 executables from 2 full generations**

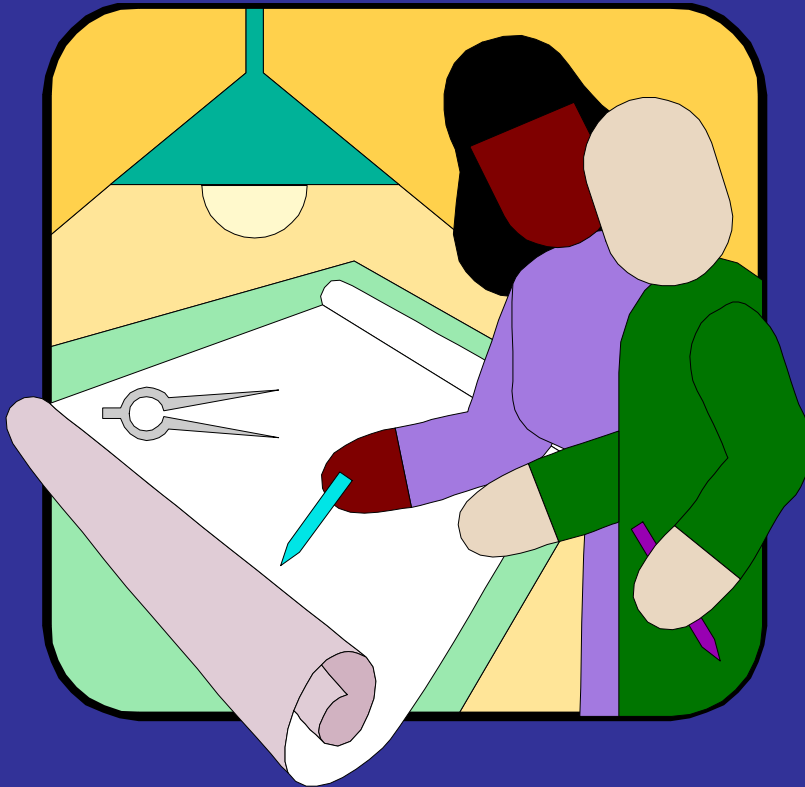
- **Pilot project at Philips ASA-Lab - 3**
 - Originally:
 - Developers:
 - Had no idea of how the build (make) process worked.
 - Did not know how to introduce new (source-)files
 - Did not know where to find included headerfiles and/or libraries
 - Did not know how to generate a new library or executable
 - Did not know how to generate another SubSystem
 - The 'make' process was unsafe
 - With introduction of GBS:
 - Developers:
 - Know exactly where to place and find files
 - Understand the 'make' process
 - Agree: More output per worked hour
 - Safe 'make' process



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Good Design Poor Masonry...

- Design gets lots of attention. (Architect)



- (Too) Little concern / appreciation for the building process.
(Construction Supervisor)
(Dutch: bouwmeester)



- **No 100% solution**
- **Combat proven**
- **Requires change of focus (traffic lights)**
- **Questions**
 - Task Lifecycle
 - Problem Areas
 - 'make' files
 - Directory Structure
 - Integrity
 - Variants
 - Tooling
 - The Solution
 - Flat and rigid directory structure
 - make-file generation
 - The Bigger Picture
 - Does it Work